B. General meeting

B.1 Indicate and, if applicable, describe whether there are differences with the minimum requirements set out in the Spanish Companies Act in connection with the quorum needed for the general shareholders meeting.

No

	% of quorum different to that set out in article 193 of the Spanish Companies Act for general cases	% of quorum different to that set out in article 194 of the Spanish Companies Act for special cases
Quorum required in 1st call		
Quorum required in 2nd call		

B.2 Indicate and, if applicable, describe any differences with regard to the system contemplated in the Spanish Companies Act for the adoption of corporate resolutions:

No

Describe how they differ from the rules set out in the Spanish Companies Act.

	Qualified majority other than that established in article 201.2 of the Spanish Companies Act for the cases set out in section 194.1 of the Spanish Companies Act	Other instances in which a qualified majority is required
% established by the entity for the adoption of resolutions		
Describe the differences		

B.3 Indicate the rules applicable to the amendment of the company's bylaws. In particular, disclose the majorities required for amending the bylaws, and, where applicable, the legal provisions for the protection of partner rights regarding the amendment of the by-laws.

Amendments in the Company's by-laws are governed by the Spanish Companies Law, specifically in its Articles 285 and following, and by the Company's internal corporate governance regulations.

The by-laws and the rules and regulations of the general meeting (Articles 29 and 13 respectively) provide a special quorum that may enable the ordinary or extraordinary general meeting to validly agree on bond issuance, on capital increase or decrease, on changing, merging or splitting of the company and, in general, on any amendments whatsoever to the bylaws, thus requiring, on the first call, the convening of shareholders, present or represented, with at least fifty percent of the subscribed share capital with voting rights. In the second call to meeting, it will be sufficient for twenty-five percent of the share capital to be present or represented. In the event of the attendance of shareholders with less than twenty-five percent of the subscribed capital with voting rights, decisions may only be taken with the favourable votes of two thirds of the capital present or represented in the Meeting.

Article 8 of the bylaws establishes certain rules and regulations for the purpose of protecting minority shareholders in bylaw amendment matters:

"[...] (B.4) Separate voting in matters regarding the amendment of bylaws or agreements and other operations that may negatively affect class B shares.

Bylaw or agreement amendments that may directly or indirectly damage or negatively affect the pre-emptive rights or privileges of class B shares (including any amendments to the precautionary bylaws regarding class B shares or any agreements that may damage or negatively affect class B shares in comparison with class A shares, or that may benefit or favourably affect class A shares in comparison with class B shares) shall require, in addition to being approved pursuant to the stipulations of these bylaws, the approval of a majority of class B shares in circulation at the time. For explanatory but by no means limiting purposes, said precaution shall entail as follows: the elimination or amendment of the precautions set forth herein on the principles of proportionality between the number of shares representing class A shares, those of class B and those of class C (if previously issued) over the total of the company's shares in the issuance of new shares or securities or instruments that may give rise to conversion, exchange or acquisition, or in any other manner, that may suppose a right to receive the company's shares; the partial or total exclusion, of a non-egalitarian nature for shares of class A, class B and class C (as the case may be), of the pre-emptive and other analogous rights that may be applicable by Law and by these bylaws; the repurchase or acquisition of the company's own shares that may affect class A shares, class B shares and class C shares (as the case may be), in non-identical manner, in terms and conditions,

in price or otherwise therein, and which may exceed what is produced under the framework of ordinary operation of treasury stock or which may cause amortization of shares or the reduction of capital in non-identical manner for class A, class B or class C shares (as the case may be); the approval of the company's structural modification that does not amount to treatment identity in all of its aspects for class A and class B shares; the exclusion of the shares of the company from trading on any secondary stock exchange or securities market except through the presentation of an offer of acquisitions for the exclusion from trading as envisaged in the considerations for the class A, class B and class C shares (as the case may be); the issuance of class C or of any other class of preferred or privileged shares that may be created in future.

For that purpose, separate voting rights shall not be required for the various existing classes of shares to decide on whether to totally or partially exclude, as the case may be, the pre-emptive and other analogous rights that may be applicable pursuant to the Law and to these bylaws, simultaneously and identically for class A, class B and, as the case may be, class C shares."

[...]

"(C.6) 6.2 Separate voting in matters regarding the amendment of bylaws or agreements and other operations that may negatively affect class C shares.

Notwithstanding Article 103 of the Spanish Companies Law, amendments of bylaws or agreements that may directly or indirectly damage or negatively affect the pre-emptive rights or privileges of class C shares (including any amendments to the precautionary bylaws relating to class C shares or to any agreement that may damage or negatively affect class C shares in comparison with class A and/or class B shares, or that may benefit or favourably affect class A and/or class B shares in comparison with class C shares) shall require, in addition to approval pursuant to the stipulations of these bylaws, approval by a majority of class C shares in circulation at the time. For explanatory but by no means limiting purposes, said precaution shall entail as follows: the elimination or amendment of the precaution set forth herein on the principles of proportionality between the number of shares representing class A shares, those of class B (if previously issued) and those of class C over the total of the company's shares in the issuance of new shares or securities or instruments that may give rise to conversion, exchange or acquisition, or otherwise, that may suppose a right to receive the company's shares; the partial or total exclusion, of a non-egalitarian nature for shares of class A and/or class B and class C of the pre-emptive and other analogous rights that may be applicable by Law and these bylaws; the repurchase or acquisition of the company's own shares that may affect class A and/or class B shares with regards to class C shares, in non-identical manner, in terms and conditions, in price or in any other manner, and which may exceed what is produced under the framework of ordinary operation of treasury stock or which may cause amortization of shares or reduction of capital in non-identical manner for class A, class B (as the case may be) and class C shares; the approval of the company's structural modification that does not amount to treatment identity in all of its aspects for class A, class B shares (as the case may be) with regards to class C; the exclusion of the shares of the company from trading on any secondary stock exchange or securities market

except through the presentation of an offer of acquisitions for the exclusion from the trading as envisaged in the considerations for class A, (class B as the case may be) and class C shares; the issuance of any other class of preferred or privileged shares that may be created in future.

Notwithstanding the provisions of article 293 of the Spanish Companies Act, whatever the case may be, the Company's agreements on capital increase under whichever modality and under any formula that may give rise to the first issuance of class C shares shall, in addition to its approval in accordance with the legal provisions and with article 29 of these bylaws, require the approval of the majority of class B shares that may be in circulation.

See Section H "Other Information of Interest"

B.4 Give details of attendance at general meetings of shareholders held during the financial year referred to in this report and also those in the previous financial year:

Date of General Shareholders meeting	Attendance data				
		_	% of absentee voting		
	% of physical presence	% of proxy	Electronic voting	Other	Total
22-11-2016	6.86	51.29	0.080	0.06	58.29
30-06-2016	6.58	52.51	0.01	0.64	59.74
10-10-2015	64.40	3.33	0.00	0.40	68.13
29-03-2015	64.65	6.78	0.00	0.31	71.74

B.5 Indicate whether there are any bylaw restrictions requiring a minimum number of shares to attend the general shareholders meeting:

Yes

Number of shares required to attend the general shareholders meeting 375

See Section H "Other Information of Interest"

B.6 Section deleted.

B.7 Indicate the URL and method for accessing the company's website to access information regarding corporate governance and other information regarding general meetings of shareholders that must be made available to the shareholders through the company's website.

The address of the Abengoa SA website is <u>www.abengoa.com/es</u> and all the necessary and updated information relating to shareholders meetings can be found under the section of shareholders and investors.

The full path to follow is:

http://www.abengoa.es/web/es/accionistas_y_gobierno_corporativo/juntas_generales/

In compliance with the provisions of article 539.2 of the Spanish Companies Act, Abengoa maintains an electronic forum for shareholders in order to facilitate communication between shareholders regarding the convening and holding of all the general meetings of shareholders. In accordance with the regulations on the electronic forum for shareholders, Shareholders may send the following prior to each general meeting:

- > Proposals intended for inclusion as part of the agenda outlined in the call for the general shareholders meeting.
- > Request for the inclusion of said proposals.
- > Initiatives to reach the required percentage to exercise minority voting rights.
- > Requests for voluntary representation.

C. Structure of the company's governing body

C.1 Board of directors

C.1.1 Maximum and minimum number of directors stipulated in the company bylaws:

Maximum number of directors	16
Minimum number of directors	3